令和７年度　入学者選抜試験問題

英　　語

〔100 点
50 分〕

実施日：令和７年１月 23 日（木）

※　下記の**〈注意事項〉**をよく読み，監督者の指示があるまで開かないこと。

〈注意事項〉

—　開始前　—

１．**試験時間**は **9：10～10：00** の **50 分**であり，途中退室は認めない。
２．**監督者の〈開始〉の指示があるまで，この問題冊子の中を開かないこと。**
３．解答用紙には，解答欄のほかに，**受験番号・氏名の記入欄**があるので，**記入する**こと。
　●**受験番号欄**　受験番号を記入すること。
　●**氏名欄**　　　氏名・フリガナを記入すること。
４．解答用紙に**汚れ**がある場合には，挙手で**監督者に知らせる**こと。

—　開始後　—

１．この問題冊子は **15 ページ**である。確認してページの**落丁・乱丁・印刷不鮮明等**がある場合は，挙手で**監督者に知らせる**こと。
２．解答は，すべて解答用紙の所定の欄へ**記入する**こと。
３．答えを記入する際は，**鉛筆**で適切に**記入する**こと。
４．**解答用紙**はメモやチェックで**汚したり折り曲げたりしない**ように特に注意すること。
５．解答を訂正する時は，消しゴムであとが残らないように**完全に消す**こと。
６．**質問等**がある場合は，挙手で**監督者に知らせる**こと。ただし，問題に関する質問は受け付けない。

（問題は次のページから始まる）

英　語

（解答番号 $\boxed{1}$ ～ $\boxed{35}$ ）

第１問　次の英文（問１～問 10）の空欄 $\boxed{1}$ ～ $\boxed{10}$ に入る最も適切なものを，それぞれの下の ①～④ の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

問１　You should take this $\boxed{1}$ so that you will get well.

① region　② medicine
③ feature　④ income

問２　I gave up buying the popular food because I couldn’t $\boxed{2}$ waiting for three hours.

① break　② sleep
③ stand　④ ride

問３　$\boxed{3}$ a rainy day, she carried an umbrella.

① It being　② Being
③ It is　④ It was

問４　$\boxed{4}$ is your plan like?

① How　② Why
③ Who　④ What

問５　Most of the students in this class prefer fish $\boxed{5}$ meat.

① with　② of
③ than　④ to

問６　See a dentist, $\boxed{\ 6\ }$ your tooth will ache more and more.

① or　　② and

③ but　　④ though

問７　She always $\boxed{\ 7\ }$ eating sour fruit.

① manages　　② refuses

③ avoids　　④ wants

問８　Yesterday, we went to the museum $\boxed{\ 8\ }$ my father's car.

① by　　② in

③ with　　④ at

問９　It was careless $\boxed{\ 9\ }$ me to tell her the secret.

① for　　② at

③ of　　④ from

問10　$\boxed{\ 10\ }$ of people visit the zoo to see rare animals from Africa every day.

① Many thousand　　② Many thousands

③ One thousands　　④ Two thousands

第２問　次の日本文(問１～問５)に合うように，それぞれ下のア～オの語を並べ替えた時, 2 番目と 4 番目にくる語句の組合せとして最も適切なものを選びなさい。ただし，文頭に来る語も小文字で示してある。

問１　ほとんどの日本人にとっては辞書なしで中国語を和訳するのは簡単ではない。　11

ア Chinese　イ Japanese　ウ into　エ translate　オ without

It isn't easy for most Japanese to ＿＿ [　] ＿＿ [　] ＿＿ a dictionary.

	２番目	４番目
①	オ	イ
②	エ	ウ
③	イ	ア
④	ア	イ

問２　私の娘は，あの犬の世話をする義務が自分にあると確信している。　12

ア care　イ of　ウ take　エ to　オ that dog

My daughter is sure that she is ＿＿ [　] ＿＿ [　] ＿＿.

	２番目	４番目
①	ウ	イ
②	オ	ウ
③	イ	オ
④	ア	エ

問３　両親は私になるべく早く帰宅するように言った。

13

ア I　　イ come home　　ウ could　　エ soon as　　オ as

My parents told me to ＿＿＿ [　　] ＿＿＿ [　　] ＿＿＿.

	２番目	４番目
①	イ	エ
②	オ	ア
③	オ	ウ
④	ア	ウ

問４　彼女が子供の頃に住んでいた部屋には現在は彼女の息子が住んでいる。

14

ア in　　イ she　　ウ which　　エ her　　オ lived

Now her son lives in the room in ＿＿＿ [　　] ＿＿＿ [　　] ＿＿＿ childhood.

	２番目	４番目
①	オ	エ
②	エ	オ
③	ウ	ア
④	イ	ア

問５　あの専門家が褒めるものはなんでもよく売れる。

15

ア sells　　イ praises　　ウ expert　　エ well　　オ whatever

_____ the $\boxed{}$ _____ $\boxed{}$ _____.

	２番目	４番目
①	イ	ウ
②	エ	イ
③	ウ	ア
④	オ	エ

第３問　次の問い（問１～問６）の会話の $\boxed{16}$ ～ $\boxed{21}$ に入る最も適切なものを，それぞれ下の①～④の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

問１

Ａ：Do you know a male comedian who performs naked?
Ｂ：What do you mean? Does he take off his clothes on stage?
Ａ：No. He shows himself as if he wore nothing.
Ｂ：I can't imagine what you say at all.
Ａ：Then, let's go watching the show. $\boxed{16}$

① Seeing is believing.
② Out of sight, out of mind.
③ Failure teaches success.
④ Clothes make the man.

問２

Ａ：Oh, I don't want to go out. I wish I could stay home.
Ｂ：Why? It's a beautiful sunny day and the sky is so blue.
Ａ：But the wind is very cold and the temperature is very low.
Ｂ：Don't you like winter?
Ａ：$\boxed{17}$
Ｂ：I know you are very active in summer.

① Yes, I don't like it.
② No, I prefer summer to winter.
③ Yes, I like summer better than winter.
④ Yes, summer is my favorite season.

問３

Ａ：Hello, this is the River Side Restaurant.

Ｂ：I'd like to make a reservation for lunch next Saturday.

Ａ：Thank you. How many people are coming?

Ｂ：Four people and one dog.

Ａ：All right. Then, we'll prepare a table in the garden for you.

Ｂ：Thank you so much. And could you make a special food for my dog?

Ａ：Certainly. $\boxed{\ 18\ }$

① I wish your dog could have lunch with you.
② We look forward to seeing you all.
③ I'm afraid we can make nothing special.
④ Why don't you make a reservation for lunch?

問４

Ａ：I'm very glad to have got a concert ticket for my favorite band.

Ｂ：You are such a big fan of theirs.

Ａ：Without them, my life would be much more boring than it is now.

Ｂ：Does their music make you happy every day?

Ａ：Yes. $\boxed{\ 19\ }$

① I would thank them if I were happy.
② I've never thanked them.
③ I cannot thank them too much.
④ I don't thank them at all.

問５

Ａ：I wonder if we can see fireflies along the stream again this summer.

Ｂ：I hope so. They are very beautiful and mysterious.

Ａ：I'm concerned that too many people will come to see them.

Ｂ：I don't want the area to become somewhere like a tourist spot.

Ａ：$\boxed{\quad 20 \quad}$ We should leave the nature as it is.

① I want it, too.
② Neither do I.
③ Me too.
④ Either will do.

問６

Ａ：Finally, the exam was over. What do you want to do now?

Ｂ：Well, I have so many things that I can't decide what to do.

Ａ：I'm going to watch as many movies as possible. I've missed some because of the exam.

Ｂ：I want to go to a spa with my family and have a good rest.

Ａ：$\boxed{\quad 21 \quad}$ I'm sure we'll get good results.

① We studied little.
② We didn't study so much.
③ We should have done our best.
④ We did our best.

第４問　次の英文を読んで，後の問い（問１～問４）に答えなさい。$\boxed{22}$ ～ $\boxed{35}$

More than half a century has $\boxed{22}$ since humankind *embarked on lunar exploration, and interest in the moon is once again on the rise. Japan should use this latest *accomplishment as a *stepping stone to join in the international competition over development of the lunar surface.

The Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency's (JAXA) lunar *probe SLIM (Smart *Lander for Investigating Moon) has landed on the lunar surface. This makes Japan the fifth $\boxed{23}$ to have successfully landed on the moon, following the former Soviet Union, the United States, China and India. This can be said to be a new *milestone for Japan's space development program.

Although the moon is smaller than the Earth, its *gravity makes a successful soft landing on the surface no $\boxed{24}$ task. Countries have repeatedly failed in the past and in Japan last year, too, a private *spacecraft from *the space startup ispace, inc. attempted to land on the moon, but could not.

The key (ア)feature of SLIM is that it is small in size and light in weight. It demonstrated to the world "pinpoint landing" technology, which allows a spacecraft to land on a targeted spot. The significance of (1)this achievement is great.

*Conventional spacecraft have aimed for a flat surface with few obstacles and landed within a few kilometers of target sites. SLIM, on the other hand, is believed to have landed within 100 meters or less of its target site near a *crater. From now on, lunar landing technology is expected to shift from "landing where it can land" to "landing where it wants to land."

SLIM uses a unique landing technique because it is designed to land on a slope near a crater. (イ)Abandoning the common method of landing *upright with its four legs open, SLIM instead is designed to land with its body *sideways as if it were falling down. This technology is a global first, and the developers deserve *credit for their *conception.

However, the landing *via the new method cannot be said to be a complete success, and there are aspects that cannot be *unreservedly celebrated. SLIM is believed to be unable to generate electricity due to the lack of sunlight on its solar panels. There may be some $\boxed{25}$ with the position of the lander.

It is unfortunate that the *onboard observation equipment and other equipment cannot be fully used due to this problem, which is likely to *hinder scientific research of rocks and other activities. The cause of the *malfunction should be analyzed and a path to $\boxed{26}$ should be explored, even if there is only a slight possibility.

(ウ)<u>Attention</u> should also be paid to the activities of the *spherical robot that is believed to have been released onto the lunar surface. A toy manufacturer participated in the development of this robot, and it transforms on the lunar surface and crawls on the sand. If (2)<u>it</u> can take pictures of the lunar surface, it will certainly attract the interest of children.

In a future lunar exploration project led by the United States, a Japanese astronaut is scheduled to step on the surface of the moon in the latter half of the 2020s or later. Japan should act as a core *participant in lunar surface development while also *utilizing the power of the private sector.

出典：2024年1月21日【The Japan News】掲載
『Lunar Surface Landing ： Global Accomplishment Achieved, But Challenges Remain』

（注） *embark on lunar exploration：月面の探査に乗り出す
*accomplishment：偉業　*stepping stone：踏み石　*probe：探査機
*lander：着陸機体　*milestone：画期的出来事　*gravity：重力
*spacecraft：宇宙船
*the space startup ispace, inc.：宇宙新興企業「アイスペース」社
*conventional：従来型の　*crater：クレーター
*upright：まっすぐに立つ　*sideways：横にして　*credit：賞賛
*conception：発想　*via：～によって　*unreservedly：手放しで
*onboard：搭載された　*hinder：妨げる　*malfunction：故障
*spherical：球形の　*participant：参加者　*utilize：利用する

問１　英文中の空所 $\boxed{22}$ ～ $\boxed{26}$ に入る最も適切なものを，それぞれ下の①～④の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

$\boxed{22}$

① come	② begun	③ sent	④ passed

$\boxed{23}$

① century	② country	③ program	④ spacecraft

$\boxed{24}$

① difficult	② important	③ necessary	④ easy

$\boxed{25}$

① trouble	② merit	③ achievement	④ neglect

$\boxed{26}$

① return	② reuse	③ recovery	④ research

問２　下線部（ア）～（ウ）の意味に最も近いものを，それぞれ下の①～④の中から一つずつ選びなさい。 27 ～ 29

（ア） feature　27

① frame
② system
③ action
④ character

（イ） Abandoning　28

① Giving up
② Adding up
③ Counting for
④ Making for

（ウ） Attention　29

① Maintenance
② Permission
③ Notice
④ Ambition

問３　二重下線部（１）・（２）の内容を表すのに最も適切なものを，それぞれ下の①～④の中から一つずつ選びなさい。 30 , 31

（１）this achievement 30

① a spacecraft which is small in size and light in weight

② the landing of a spacecraft on a targeted spot

③ a spacecraft which can land on the moon

④ the demonstration of a spacecraft landing on the moon to the world

（２）it 31

① the toy manufacturer

② the lunar surface

③ the spherical robot

④ the development

問４　本文の内容に合うように，次の（Ａ）～（Ｄ）の $\boxed{32}$ ～ $\boxed{35}$ に入る最も適切なものを，それぞれ下の①～④の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

（Ａ）A private spacecraft from the space startup in Japan $\boxed{32}$.

① demonstrated to the world “pinpoint landing” technology
② repeatedly failed in the past
③ made a successful soft landing on the surface
④ failed to land on the moon

（Ｂ）SLIM is designed to land $\boxed{33}$.

① on a flat surface with few obstacles
② with its body sideways due to breaking down
③ on a slope near a crater
④ within a few kilometers of target sites

（Ｃ）According to the article, lunar landing technology $\boxed{34}$.

① will change from “landing where it can land” to “landing where it wants to land”
② will become a new difficulty for Japan’s space development program
③ will develop gradually with Japan taking the lead
④ will be developed by countries working in close cooperation with each other

（Ｄ）According to the article, a Japanese astronaut will step on the surface of the moon $\boxed{35}$.

① with the spherical robot developed to transform and crawl on the sand
② to do scientific research of rocks and other activities
③ in the latter half of the 2020s or later
④ to act as a core participant in lunar surface development

（白紙ページ）

（白紙ページ）